



POLYMER MODIFIED BITUMEN

AVAILABLE GRADES

- PMB-70
- PMB-40
- PMB 64-10
- PMB 70-10
- PMB 76-10
- PMB 82-10
- PMB 76-22

For enquiries, please mail to info@drgbitumen.com

BENEFITS

01

Improved Elasticity:

PMB can recover its original shape after deformation, which reduces rutting and fatigue cracking.

02

Higher Softening Point:

It withstands higher temperatures without softening, making it suitable for hot climates.

03

Low Temperature Flexibility:

It remains flexible in cold climates, reducing the risk of thermal cracking.

04

Enhanced Adhesion:

PMB bonds better with aggregates, improving pavement durability.

05

Resistance to Aging and Water Damage:

PMB resists oxidation, UV degradation, and water penetration better than conventional bitumen.

06

Greater Fatigue and Rutting Resistance:

It can handle repeated heavy traffic loads and stress without significant damage.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF DRG BITUMEN OXIDIZED BITUMEN

Sl.No.	Characteristics	Grades and Requirements							Method of Test
		PMB 70	PMB 40	PMB 64-10	PMB 70-10	PMB 76-10	PMB 82-10	PMB 76-22	IS Code
A) Tests carried out on original binder									
i)	Softening point (R and B), °C, Min	55	60	60	65	70	80	75	IS 1205
ii)	Elastic recovery of half thread in ductilometer at 15°C, percent, Min	60	60	70	70	70	85	80	-
iii)	Flash point, COC, °C, Min	220	220	230	230	230	230	230	IS 1209
iv)	Viscosity at 150°C, Pa.s, Max	3	2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.5	ASTM D 4402
v)	Complex modulus (G*) divided by Sin delta (G*/sin δ) as Min 1.0 kPa, 25 mm Plate, 1 mm Gap, at 10 rad/s, at a temperature, °C	-	-	64	70	76	82	76	-
vi)	Phase Angle (δ), degree, Max	-	-	75	75	75	75	75	-
vii)	Separation, difference in softening point (R&B), °C, Max	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-
viii)	FRAASS breaking 1) point, °C, Max	-	-	-10	-10	-10	-10	-22	IS 9381

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		PMB 70	PMB 40	PMB 64-10	PMB 70-10	PMB 76-10	PMB 82-10	PMB 76-22	IS Code
B) Tests carried out on rolling thin film oven (RTFO) residue⁽²⁾									
i)	Loss in mass, percent, Max	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		IS 9382
ii)	Complex modulus (G^*) divided by Sin delta ($G^*/\sin \delta$) as Min 2.2 kPa, 25 mm Plate, 1 mm Gap, at 10 rad/s at a temperature, °C	-	-	64	70	76	82	76	-
iii)	MSCR TEST								-
a)	Standard Traffic (S) $J_{nr3.2}$, Max 4.5 kPa-1 $J_{nr diff}$, Max 75 percent Test Temperature, °C	-	-	64	70	76	82	76	
b)	Heavy Traffic (H) $J_{nr3.2}$, Max 2 kPa ⁻¹ $J_{nr diff}$, Max 75 percent	-	-	64	70	76	82	76	
c)	Very Heavy Traffic (V) $J_{nr3.2}$, Max 1 kPa ⁻¹ $J_{nr diff}$, Max 75 percent Test Temperature, °C	-	-	64	70	76	82	76	
d)	Extremely Heavy Traffic (E) $J_{nr3.2}$, Max 0.5 kPa ⁻¹ $J_{nr diff}$, Max 75 percent Test Temperature, °C	-	-	64	70	76	82	76	
Tests to be Carried out on Pressure Aging Vessel (PAV) Residue³⁾									
i)	Complex modulus (G^*) multiplied by Sin delta ($G^*\sin \delta$) as Max 6 000 kPa, 8 mm Plate, 2 mm Gap, at 10 rad/s at a temperature, °C	-	-	31	34	37	40	31	-